

1 WHEREAS, the residents and agencies of the Caddo Lake area were so eager to have
2 Caddo Lake designated a National Heritage Area that they embarked on the
3 suitability/feasibility study prior to ever contacting the National Park Service to request their
4 assistance or funding; and

5 WHEREAS, the feasibility study examined whether Caddo Lake is nationally
6 distinctive and evaluated alternatives for management, preservation, and interpretation of
7 nationally important cultural and historic landscapes, sites, and structures in and around the
8 Caddo Lake area, including its tributaries of Cypress Bayou and James Bayou in Texas and
9 Louisiana and Black Bayou and Red Bayou along with Soda, Shifftail, and Clear Lakes in
10 Louisiana; and

11 WHEREAS, the feasibility study was coordinated with Harrison and Marion counties
12 in Texas and Caddo Parish in Louisiana along with the Caddo Lake Clearing House (which
13 consisted of the Village of Uncertain, Texas, the Greater Caddo Lake Association of Texas,
14 the Caddo Lake Area Chamber of Commerce and Tourism, the Friends of the Caddo Lake
15 National Wildlife Refuge, and the Caddo Lake Institute) and the Greater Caddo Lake
16 Association of Louisiana, the Jeffersonian Institute, the Louisiana Caddo Lake Watershed
17 Commission, the Collins Academy and Education Center, the Shreveport Bossier Tourism
18 and Convention Bureau, and the towns of Jefferson, Texas, and Mooringsport, Oil City, and
19 Vivian, Louisiana; and

20 WHEREAS, the feasibility study found that Caddo Lake, at twenty-seven thousand
21 surface acres, is the largest natural lake in the southern United States and was home to the
22 Caddo Native Americans at the time the Europeans and Americans discovered the area; and

23 WHEREAS, the Caddo Lake area spent forty years after the 1803 Louisiana Purchase
24 as the southwestern border of the United States and is an area whose cultural and natural
25 identity were defined and impacted by the sequential economic forces of steam boats,
26 followed by railroads, and then later petroleum; and

27 WHEREAS, the feasibility study examined interpretive themes and historic resources
28 such as migration patterns, Native American villages, folklore, ports, land trails, water trails,
29 military activities, manipulation of the environment and resources and found that the Caddo

1 Lake area presently conforms with approximately seventy percent of the interim criteria
2 established by the National Park Service for heritage site designation; and

3 WHEREAS, although there is a great deal of work still to be done before Caddo Lake
4 can actually become a National Heritage Area, the people working toward such an
5 accomplishment feel that enough work has been done and enough documentation has been
6 gathered to now request that the process for congressional designation begin.

7 THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislature of Louisiana does hereby
8 memorialize the United States Congress to take such actions as are necessary to begin the
9 process to designate Caddo Lake as a National Heritage Area.

10 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a copy of this Resolution be transmitted to the
11 presiding officers of the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Congress of the
12 United States of America and to each member of the Louisiana congressional delegation.

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

Morris

HCR No. 81

Requests congress to take such actions as are necessary to begin the process to designate Caddo Lake as a National Heritage Area.